



General Assembly

January Session, 2003

Raised Bill No. 6402

LCO No. 2983

Referred to Committee on Environment

Introduced by:
(ENV)

***AN ACT CONCERNING REVISIONS TO CERTAIN ENVIRONMENTAL
QUALITY PROGRAMS.***

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General
Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. Subsection (c) of section 22a-478 of the general statutes is
2 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
3 *1, 2003*):

4 (c) The funding of an eligible water quality project shall be pursuant
5 to a project funding agreement between the state, acting by and
6 through the commissioner, and the municipality undertaking such
7 project and shall be evidenced by a project fund obligation or grant
8 account loan obligation, or both, or an interim funding obligation of
9 such municipality issued in accordance with section 22a-479. A project
10 funding agreement shall be in a form prescribed by the commissioner.
11 Eligible water quality projects shall be funded as follows:

12 (1) A nonpoint source pollution abatement project shall receive a
13 project grant of seventy-five per cent of the cost of the project
14 determined to be eligible by the commissioner.

15 (2) A combined sewer project shall receive [(1)] (A) a project grant of
 16 fifty per cent of the cost of the project, [which cost shall be the cost the
 17 federal Environmental Protection Agency uses in making grants
 18 pursuant to Part 35 of the federal Construction Grant Regulations and
 19 Titles II and VI of the federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended;
 20 and (2)] and (B) a loan for the remainder of the costs of the project, not
 21 exceeding one hundred per cent of the eligible water quality project
 22 costs.

23 (3) A construction contract eligible for financing awarded by a
 24 municipality on or after July 1, 1999, as a project undertaken for
 25 nitrogen removal shall receive a project grant of thirty per cent of the
 26 cost of the project associated with nitrogen removal, a twenty per cent
 27 grant for the balance of the cost of the project not related to nitrogen
 28 removal, and a loan for the remainder of the costs of the project, not
 29 exceeding one hundred per cent of the eligible water quality project
 30 costs. Nitrogen removal projects under design or construction on July
 31 1, 1999, and projects that have been constructed but have not received
 32 permanent, clean water fund financing, on July 1, 1999, shall be eligible
 33 to receive a project grant of thirty per cent [grant] of the cost of the
 34 project associated with nitrogen removal, a twenty per cent grant for
 35 the balance of the cost of the project not related to nitrogen removal,
 36 and a loan for the remainder of the costs of the project, not exceeding
 37 one hundred per cent of the eligible water quality project costs.

38 (4) Provided supplemental federal grant funds are available for
 39 Clean Water Fund projects specifically related to the clean-up of Long
 40 Island Sound that are funded on or after July 1, 2003, a distressed
 41 municipality, as defined in section 32-9p, may receive a combination of
 42 state and federal grants in an amount not to exceed fifty per cent of the
 43 cost of the project associated with nitrogen removal, a twenty per cent
 44 grant for the balance of the cost of the project not related to nitrogen
 45 removal, and a loan for the remainder of the costs of the project, not
 46 exceeding one hundred per cent of the allowable water quality project
 47 costs.

48 (5) A municipality with a water pollution control project, the
49 construction of which began on or after July 1, 2003, which has (A) a
50 population of five thousand or less, or (B) a population of greater than
51 five thousand dollars which has a discrete area containing a
52 population of less than five thousand that is not contiguous with the
53 existing sewerage system, shall be eligible to receive a grant in the
54 amount of twenty-five per cent of the design and construction phase of
55 eligible project costs, and a loan for the remainder of the costs of the
56 project, not exceeding one hundred per cent of the eligible water
57 quality project costs.

58 (6) Any other eligible water quality project shall receive (A) a project
59 grant of twenty per cent of the eligible cost, [which cost shall be the
60 cost the federal Environmental Protection Agency uses for grants
61 pursuant to said Part 35 and said Titles II and VI,] and (B) a loan for
62 the remainder of the costs of the project, not exceeding one hundred
63 per cent of the eligible project cost.

64 (7) Project agreements to fund eligible project costs with grants from
65 the Clean Water Fund that were executed during or after the fiscal year
66 beginning July 1, 2003, shall not be reduced by the provisions of
67 subdivision (1) of subsection (h) of section 22a-482-3 of the regulations
68 of Connecticut state agencies.

69 (8) On or after July 1, 2006, all eligible water quality projects eligible
70 for funding shall receive a loan of one hundred per cent of the eligible
71 costs and shall not receive a project grant.

72 (9) On or after July 1, 2002, eligible water quality projects that
73 exclusively address sewer collection and conveyance system
74 improvements may receive a loan for one hundred per cent of the
75 eligible costs [and shall] provided such project does not receive a
76 project grant. Any such sewer collection and conveyance system
77 improvement project shall be rated, ranked, and funded separately
78 from other water pollution control projects and shall be considered
79 only if it is highly consistent with the state's conservation and

80 development plan, or is primarily needed as the most cost effective
81 solution to an existing area-wide pollution problem and incorporates
82 minimal capacity for growth.

83 (10) All loans made in accordance with the provisions of this section
84 for an eligible water quality project shall bear an interest rate of two
85 per cent per annum. The commissioner may allow any project fund
86 obligation, grant account loan obligation or interim funding obligation
87 for an eligible water quality project to be repaid by a borrowing
88 municipality prior to maturity without penalty.

89 Sec. 2. Subsection (e) of section 22a-478 of the general statutes of the
90 general statutes is amended by adding subdivision (3) as follows
91 *(Effective July 1, 2003)*:

92 (NEW) (3) Provided supplemental federal grant funds are available
93 for Clean Water Fund projects specifically related to the clean-up of
94 Long Island Sound that are funded on or after July 1, 2003, a distressed
95 municipality, as defined in section 32-9p, may receive a combination of
96 state and federal grants in an amount not to exceed one hundred per
97 cent of the cost, approved by the commissioner, for the planning phase
98 of an eligible water quality project for nitrogen removal.

99 Sec. 3. Subsections (a) and (b) of section 22a-133m of the general
100 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
101 *(Effective July 1, 2003)*:

102 (a) An urban sites remedial action program is established to
103 identify, evaluate, plan for and undertake the remediation of polluted
104 real property. [which is deemed vital to the economic development
105 needs of the state.]

106 (b) The Commissioner of Economic and Community Development,
107 in consultation with the Commissioner of Environmental Protection,
108 shall establish the priority of sites for evaluation and remediation
109 based upon the following factors: (1) The estimated cost of evaluating

110 and remediating the site, if known; (2) the anticipated complexity of an
 111 evaluation of the site; (3) the estimated schedule for completing an
 112 evaluation; (4) the potential economic development benefits of the site
 113 to the state of Connecticut; [and] (5) whether the site would not
 114 otherwise be remediated without the assistance of this program; and
 115 (6) any other factors which the commissioners deem relevant. No real
 116 property shall be eligible for evaluation or remediation under this
 117 section unless [: (A) The] the Commissioner of Economic and
 118 Community Development finds that the state owns the site or
 119 otherwise has or obtains the power to approve the type of
 120 development which first occurs on the site after remediation. [: and (B)
 121 the Commissioner of Environmental Protection is unable to determine
 122 the responsible party for the pollution or the cleanup of the site, or the
 123 responsible party is not in timely compliance with orders issued by the
 124 commissioner to provide remedial action, or the commissioner has not
 125 issued a final decision on an order to a responsible party to provide
 126 remedial action because of (i) a request for a hearing on an order, or (ii)
 127 an order issued is subject to an appeal pending before a court.] Except
 128 for any site proposed for acquisition under subsection (e) of this
 129 section, no real property shall be eligible for evaluation or remediation
 130 under this section unless the site is located in a distressed
 131 municipality, as defined in section 32-9p, or a targeted investment
 132 community, as defined in section 32-222. For purposes of this section,
 133 "responsible party" means any person, as defined in section 22a-2, who
 134 created a source of pollution on the site or an owner of the site during
 135 the investigation or remediation funded pursuant to this section.

136 Sec. 4. Subsection (h) of section 22a-133m of the general statutes is
 137 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
 138 *1, 2003*):

139 (h) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection and the
 140 Commissioner of Economic and Community Development shall jointly
 141 identify urban community sites known to have, or suspected to have,
 142 environmental contamination which, if remediated and developed,

143 will improve the urban environment. The Commissioner of
 144 Environmental Protection and the Commissioner of Economic and
 145 Community Development shall jointly establish the priority of such
 146 sites for evaluation and remediation based upon the following factors:
 147 (1) The potential benefits of remediation to the environment; (2) the
 148 estimated cost of evaluating and remediating the site, if known; (3) the
 149 potential benefits to the local community of such site; (4) community
 150 support for remediation and redevelopment of such site; (5) the
 151 commitment from investors or the municipality to redevelop the site;
 152 and (6) any other factors which the commissioners deem relevant. No
 153 real property shall be eligible for evaluation and remediation under
 154 this subsection unless [: (A) The Commissioner of Environmental
 155 Protection is unable to determine the responsible party, or the
 156 responsible party is not in timely compliance with orders issued by the
 157 commissioner to provide remedial action, or the commissioner has not
 158 issued a final decision on an order to a responsible party to provide
 159 remedial action because of a request for a hearing on an order or an
 160 issued order is subject to an appeal pending before a court; (B)] (A) the
 161 site is located in a distressed municipality, as defined in section 32-9p,
 162 a targeted investment community, as defined in section 32-222, or an
 163 enterprise corridor zone, as defined in section 32-80, or in such other
 164 municipality as the Commissioner of Economic and Community
 165 Development may designate, [;] and [(C)] (B) the site is not undergoing
 166 evaluation or remediation under subsections (a) to (g), inclusive, of
 167 this section.

168 Sec. 5. Subdivision (1) of section 22a-134 of the general statutes is
 169 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
 170 *1, 2003*):

171 (1) "Transfer of establishment" means any transaction or proceeding
 172 through which an establishment undergoes a change in ownership, but
 173 does not mean (A) conveyance or extinguishment of an easement, (B)
 174 conveyance of an establishment through a foreclosure, as defined in
 175 subsection (b) of section 22a-452f or foreclosure of a municipal tax lien,

176 (C) conveyance of a deed in lieu of foreclosure to a lender, as defined
177 in and that qualifies for the secured lender exemption pursuant to
178 subsection (b) of section 22a-452f, (D) conveyance of a security interest,
179 as defined in subdivision (7) of subsection (b) of section 22a-452f, (E)
180 termination of a lease and conveyance, assignment or execution of a
181 lease for a period less than ninety-nine years including conveyance,
182 assignment or execution of a lease with options or similar terms that
183 will extend the period of the leasehold to ninety-nine years, or from
184 the commencement of the leasehold, ninety-nine years, including
185 conveyance, assignment or execution of a lease with options or similar
186 terms that will extend the period of the leasehold to ninety-nine years,
187 or from the [commence] commencement of the leasehold, (F) any
188 change in ownership approved by the Probate Court, (G) devolution of
189 title to a surviving joint tenant, or to a trustee, executor, or
190 administrator under the terms of a testamentary trust or will, or by
191 intestate succession, (H) corporate reorganization not substantially
192 affecting the ownership of the establishment, (I) the issuance of stock
193 or other securities of an entity which owns or operates an
194 establishment, (J) the transfer of stock, securities or other ownership
195 interests representing less than forty per cent of the ownership of the
196 entity that owns or operates the establishment, (K) any conveyance of
197 an interest in an establishment where the transferor is the sibling,
198 spouse, child, parent, grandparent, child of a sibling or sibling of a
199 parent of the transferee, (L) conveyance of an interest in an
200 establishment to a trustee of an inter vivos trust created by the
201 transferor solely for the benefit of one or more of the sibling, spouse,
202 child, parent, grandchild, child of a sibling or sibling of a parent of the
203 transferor, (M) any conveyance of a portion of a parcel upon which
204 portion no establishment is or has been located and upon which there
205 has not occurred a discharge, spillage, uncontrolled loss, seepage or
206 filtration of hazardous waste or a hazardous substance, provided
207 either the area of such portion is not greater than fifty per cent of the
208 area of such parcel or written notice of such proposed conveyance and
209 an environmental condition assessment form for such parcel is

210 provided to the commissioner sixty days prior to such conveyance, (N)
211 conveyance of a service station, as defined in subdivision (5) of this
212 section, (O) any conveyance of an establishment which, prior to July 1,
213 1997, had been developed solely for residential use and such use has
214 not changed, (P) any conveyance of an establishment to any entity
215 created or operating under chapter 130 or 132, or to an urban
216 rehabilitation agency, as defined in section 8-292, or to a municipality
217 under section 32-224, or to the Connecticut Development Authority or
218 any subsidiary of the authority, (Q) any conveyance of a parcel in
219 connection with the acquisition of properties to effectuate the
220 development of the overall project, as defined in section 32-651, (R) the
221 conversion of a general or limited partnership to a limited liability
222 company under section 34-199, (S) the transfer of general partnership
223 property held in the names of all of its general partners to a general
224 partnership which includes as general partners immediately after the
225 transfer all of the same persons as were general partners immediately
226 prior to the transfer, (T) the transfer of general partnership property
227 held in the names of all of its general partners to a limited liability
228 company which includes as members immediately after the transfer all
229 of the same persons as were general partners immediately prior to the
230 transfer, or (U) acquisition of an establishment by any governmental or
231 quasi-governmental condemning authority.

232 Sec. 6. Subdivisions (10) and (11) of section 22a-134 of the general
233 statutes are repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
234 (*Effective July 1, 2003*):

235 (10) "Form I" means a written certification by the transferor of an
236 establishment on a form prescribed and provided by the commissioner
237 that: (A) No discharge, spillage, uncontrolled loss, seepage or filtration
238 of hazardous waste or a hazardous substance has occurred at the
239 establishment which certification is based on an investigation of the
240 parcel in accordance with prevailing standards and guidelines, or (B)
241 no discharge spillage, uncontrolled loss, seepage or filtration of
242 hazardous waste has occurred at the establishment based upon an

243 investigation of the parcel in accordance with the prevailing standards
 244 and guidelines and the commissioner has determined, in writing, or a
 245 licensed environmental professional has verified that any discharge,
 246 spillage, uncontrolled loss, seepage or filtration of a hazardous
 247 substance has been remediated in accordance with the remediation
 248 standards;

249 (11) "Form II" means a written certification by the transferor of an
 250 establishment on a form prescribed and provided by the commissioner
 251 that the parcel has been investigated in accordance with prevailing
 252 standards and guidelines and that (A) any pollution caused by a
 253 discharge, spillage, uncontrolled loss, seepage or filtration of
 254 hazardous waste or a hazardous substance which has occurred from
 255 the establishment has been remediated in accordance with the
 256 remediation standards and that the remediation has been approved in
 257 writing by the commissioner or has been verified pursuant to section
 258 22a-133x or section 22a-134a, as amended by this act, in a writing
 259 attached to such form by a licensed environmental professional to have
 260 been performed in accordance with the remediation standards, (B) the
 261 commissioner has determined in writing or a licensed environmental
 262 professional has verified pursuant to section 22a-133x or section
 263 22a-134a, as amended by this act, in a writing attached to the form that
 264 no remediation is necessary to achieve compliance with the
 265 remediation standards, or (C) a Form IV verification previously
 266 submitted to the commissioner and since the date of the submission of
 267 [said] the Form IV, no discharge, spillage, uncontrolled loss, seepage or
 268 filtration of hazardous waste or a hazardous substance has occurred at
 269 the establishment, which certification is based on an investigation of
 270 the parcel in accordance with prevailing standards and guidelines.

271 Sec. 7. Subsection (d) of section 22a-134a of the general statutes is
 272 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
 273 *1, 2003*):

274 (d) The certifying party to a Form I, Form II, Form III or Form IV

275 shall (1) upon receipt of a written request from the commissioner,
276 provide to the commissioner copies of all technical plans, reports and
277 other supporting documentation relating to the investigation of the
278 parcel or remediation of the establishment as specified in the
279 commissioner's written request, and (2) simultaneously submit with
280 the submission of a Form I, [Form II,] Form III or Form IV to the
281 commissioner a complete environmental condition assessment form
282 and shall certify to the commissioner, in writing, that the information
283 contained in such form is correct and accurate to the best of the
284 certifying party's knowledge and belief.

285 Sec. 8. Subsection (i) of section 22a-134a of the general statutes is
286 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*
287 *1, 2003*):

288 (i) The certifying party to a Form III or Form IV shall (1) publish
289 notice of the remediation, in accordance with the schedule submitted
290 pursuant to this section, in a newspaper having a substantial
291 circulation in the area affected by the establishment, (2) notify the
292 director of health of the municipality where the establishment is
293 located of the remediation, and (3) either (A) erect and maintain for at
294 least thirty days in a legible condition a sign not less than six feet by
295 four feet on the establishment, which sign shall be clearly visible from
296 the public highway, and shall include the words "ENVIRONMENTAL
297 CLEAN-UP IN PROGRESS AT THIS SITE. FOR FURTHER
298 INFORMATION CONTACT:" and include a telephone number for an
299 office from which any interested person may obtain additional
300 information about the remediation, or (B) mail notice of the
301 remediation to each owner of record of property which abuts the
302 [establishment] parcel, at the address for such property on the last-
303 completed grand list of the municipality where the establishment is
304 located.

305 Sec. 9. Subsection (m) of section 22a-134a of the general statutes is
306 repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July*

307 1, 2003):

308 (m) Failure of the commissioner to notify any party in accordance
309 with the provisions of this section in no way limits the ability of the
310 commissioner to enforce the provisions of sections 22a-134 to [22a-
311 134f] 22a-134e, inclusive, as amended by this act.

312 Sec. 10. Section 22a-174g of the general statutes is repealed and the
313 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2003*):

314 As part of the state's implementation plan under the federal Clean
315 Air Act, the Commissioner of Environmental Protection may establish
316 a program to allow the sale, purchase and use of motor vehicles which
317 comply with any regulations adopted by the commissioner which
318 implement the California motor vehicles emissions standards for
319 purposes of generating any emission reduction credits under said act.
320 Nothing in this section shall prohibit the Commissioner of
321 Environmental Protection from establishing a program to require the
322 sale, purchase and use of motor vehicles which comply with any
323 regulations adopted by the commissioner which implement the
324 California motor vehicle emissions standards. Such regulations may
325 incorporate by reference the California motor vehicle emission
326 standards set forth in final regulations issued by the California Air
327 Resources Board pursuant to Title 13 of the California Code of
328 Regulations and promulgated under the authority of Division 26 of the
329 California Health and Safety Code, as may be amended from time to
330 time.

331 Sec. 11. Section 22a-461 of the general statutes is repealed and the
332 following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective July 1, 2003*):

333 (a) No person, firm or corporation shall sell, offer or expose for sale,
334 give or furnish any synthetic detergent or detergent, whether in the
335 form of crystals, powders, flakes, bars, liquids, sprays or any other
336 form, in the state of Connecticut (1) on and after February 1, 1972,
337 unless the container, wrapper or other packaging thereof shall be

338 clearly labeled with respect to its polyphosphate builder or
339 phosphorus ingredient content, clearly and legibly set forth thereon in
340 terms of percentage of phosphorus by weight, expressed as elemental
341 phosphorus per container, wrapper or other packaging thereof, as well
342 as grams of phosphorus, expressed as elemental phosphorus, per
343 recommended use level, and (2) on and after October 1, 1974, unless
344 such person, firm or corporation files with the Commissioner of
345 Environmental Protection a written statement setting forth the
346 chemical and common names of all ingredients.

347 (b) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection may require that
348 the recommended household, commercial, personal or industrial use
349 or uses of each product and that the per cent by weight and function of
350 any ingredient in any product be provided in a written statement
351 within thirty days of a request for such information. Any information
352 acquired by the commissioner under this subsection shall, upon
353 written request, be kept confidential with respect to the product name.

354 (c) The Commissioner of Environmental Protection may, by order,
355 ban or restrict the sale or use of any synthetic detergent or detergent in
356 the state or the use of any synthetic detergent or detergent in any
357 geographical area of the state to protect the waters of the state.

358 (d) No person, firm, [or] corporation, municipality or other entity
359 may use, sell, offer or expose for sale or give or furnish any sewage
360 system additive without first registering such sewage system additive
361 with the commissioner. The commissioner shall deny the registration
362 of any sewage system additive which contains any substance or
363 compound on the toxic pollutant list published by the United States
364 Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to Section 1317 of the
365 federal Water Pollution Control Act (33 USC 1317), as amended, in
366 concentrations that the commissioner determines may cause pollution,
367 as defined in section 22a-423, or may adversely impact any sewage
368 treatment system.

369 (e) The commissioner shall adopt regulations, in accordance with

370 the provisions of chapter 54, to require the registration of sewage
371 system additives. Submission of a registration request for a sewage
372 system additive shall be accomplished by a licensing fee in the amount
373 of five hundred dollars.

374 [(f) Any person who violates any provision of this section may be
375 fined not less than one hundred dollars nor more than three hundred
376 dollars for the first offense, and not less than three hundred dollars nor
377 more than five hundred dollars for the second and each subsequent
378 offense. A separate and distinct offense shall be construed to be
379 committed each day on which such person shall continue or permit
380 any such violation.]

381 Sec. 12. Section 23-8b of the general statutes is amended by adding
382 subsection (f) as follows (*Effective July 1, 2003*):

383 (NEW) (f) Notwithstanding any provision of the general statutes,
384 special police officers for utility companies, appointed by the
385 Commissioner of Public Safety pursuant to section 29-19, and
386 conservation officers and special conservation officers and patrolmen,
387 appointed by the Commissioner of Environmental Protection pursuant
388 to section 26-5, shall have jurisdiction over any land purchased by the
389 state under the terms of any such contract and said officers shall have
390 the same authority to make arrests on such lands as they have under
391 section 29-18 for lands owned by the Department of Environmental
392 Protection.

393 Sec. 13. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2003*) (a) As used in this section:

394 (1) "Double walled underground storage tank" means an
395 underground storage tank that is listed by the underwriters
396 laboratories and that is constructed using two complete shells to
397 provide both primary and secondary containment, and having a
398 continuous three-hundred-sixty degree interstitial space between the
399 two shells which interstitial space shall be continuously monitored
400 using inert gas or liquid, vacuum monitoring, electronic monitoring,

401 mechanical monitoring or any other monitoring method approved in
402 writing by the commissioner before being installed or used;

403 (2) "Double walled underground storage tank system" means one or
404 more double walled underground storage tanks connected by double
405 walled piping and utilizing double walled piping to connect the
406 underground storage tank to any associated equipment;

407 (3) "Hazardous substance" means a substance defined in Section
408 101(14) of the Comprehensive Environmental Response,
409 Compensation and Liability Act of 1980, but does not include any
410 substance regulated as a hazardous waste under subsection (c) of
411 section 22a-449 of the general statutes or any mixture of such
412 substances and petroleum;

413 (4) "Petroleum" means crude oil, crude oil fractions and refined
414 petroleum fractions, including gasoline, kerosene, heating oils and
415 diesel fuels;

416 (5) "Underground storage tank" means a tank or combination of
417 tanks, including underground pipes connected thereto, used to contain
418 an accumulation of petroleum or hazardous substances, whose volume
419 is ten per cent or more beneath the surface of the ground, including the
420 volume of underground pipes connected thereto; and

421 (6) "Underground storage tank system" means an underground
422 storage tank and any associated ancillary equipment and containment
423 system.

424 (b) No person or municipality shall install, on or after October 1,
425 2003, an underground storage tank system and no person or
426 municipality shall operate or use, an underground storage tank system
427 installed after October 1, 2003, unless such underground storage tank
428 system is a double walled underground storage tank system. This
429 section shall not apply to a residential underground storage tank
430 system, as defined in section 22a-449a of the general statutes.

This act shall take effect as follows:	
Section 1	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 2	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 3	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 4	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 5	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 6	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 7	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 8	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 9	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 10	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 11	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 12	<i>July 1, 2003</i>
Sec. 13	<i>October 1, 2003</i>

Statement of Purpose:

To amend the state's Clean Water Act by allowing distressed municipalities to accept federal grants without losing state grant money, to eliminate "CAPDET" holdbacks from water pollution control project grants and to raise the amount of grants from twenty to twenty five per cent of water pollution control costs to small communities; to allow the Department of Environmental Protection to use bond funds authorized for the Urban Sites program for the investigation and remediation of sites without necessarily first issuing orders to the parties responsible for the contamination; to make certain revisions to the Transfer Act; to allow the department to incorporate by reference the California Air Resources Board's requirements for heavy-duty diesel engines and low emission vehicle tailpipe standards; to codify the requirement that "sewage system additives" be registered with the department before they can be sold or used in the state, to codify the standards the department will use in approving such registrations, to delete the penalty limitations in subsection (f) of section 22a-461 to institute the penalties set forth in section 22a-438, and to establish regulatory authority to collect fees for processing such registrations; to clarify jurisdictional boundaries for BHC Company police officers and state conservation officers on the newly acquired Kelda properties; to require double wall construction and coaxial piping for new nonresidential underground storage tank systems.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]